



KYNOCH FERTILIZER

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Nitro 21

Date Issued / Revised Date : 25 September 2022
New version : 3.0
Date previously revised : 1 February 2021
Replaced version : 2.0

Prepared according to: United Nations GHS (Rev 9E) (2021) and SANS 10234:2019
(This Safety Data Sheet conforms to the requirements set by the Department of Agriculture, Land reform and Rural development of the Republic of South Africa on the 29 March 2022)

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 GHS¹ product identification

Product Name : **Nitro 21**

¹ GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

1.2 Other means of identification

Description : **ANO21, Ammonium Nitrate 21**

CAS Number : **Mixture**

EC Number³ : **Mixture**

² "CAS Number" - CAS Number is a numerical designation for chemicals that is maintained by the Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) of the American Chemical Society.

³ "EC Number" - The European Community number (EC number) is a unique identifier that was assigned to substances for regulatory purposes within the European Union by the European Commission.

1.3 Recommended use of materials and restrictions on use

Recommended use of material : **Intended to be used as a fertilizer and in fertilizer blends**

Description : **Source of plant nutrients**

Restrictions on use : **None Identified**

1.4 Supplier's details

Supplier's details : **1st Floor, ETG House
62 Weirda Road East
Sandton
2196
Tel no: (011) 317-2000**

1.5 Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number : **Dial Triple Zero (000) and ask for fire
: Ambulance or the Fire department – 10177
: Kynoch – 086 092 7272
: Spilltech - 086 100 0366**

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product Defined : **Mixture**

Summarized Classification

Types of Hazards	Hazard Class	Category/subcategory	H-Statement
Physical Hazards	Not Classified		
Health Hazards	Acute Toxicity, oral	Category 5	H303
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A	H319
Environmental Hazards	Not Classified		

Classification according to the United Nations GHS (Rev 9E) (2021) and SANS 10234:2019

¹ "Not Classified" – Data conclusive but not at sufficient levels for classification.

² "H-Statement" – Hazard Statement. Full decryption in Section16

Composition	Description	CAS Number	Classification
60%	Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Oxid. Solid 3, Eye Damage 2A, Acute Tox. Oral Cat 5
40%	Water		No Classification

Reference: (European Chemical Agency [ECHA], n.d.) & (Environmental protection agency [EPA]. New Zealand Government, n.d.) & (The Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme [AICIS], n.d.) & (International Labour organization [ILO], n.d.)

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram :



Pictogram Name : **Exclamation**

Signal Word : **Warning**

Hazard Statements : **H303** - **May be harmful if swallowed**

: **H319** - **Causes serious eye irritation**

Precautionary Statements : **P264** - **Wash hands [and ...] thoroughly after handling.**

: **P265** - **Do not touch eyes.**

: **P280** - **Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...**

Reference: (Pubchem, GHS, n.d.)

2.3 Other hazards that do not result in classification

Hazards : **Not Specified**

Reference: (European Chemical Agency [ECHA], n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance

Substance : **N/A**

¹ "N/A" – Not available

Reference: (European Chemical Agency [ECHA], n.d.) & (The Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme [AICIS], n.d.)

3.2 Mixture

Substance A:

Common name : **Ammonium nitrate**
EC Name : **Ammonium nitrate**
Chemical Formula : **H₃N.HNO₃ / NH₄NO₃**
Molecular Weight : **80 g/mol**
Nutrient Content : **35% Total Nitrogen (N), 17.5% Ammonium (NH₄), 17.5% Nitrate (NO₃)**
CAS Number : **6484-52-2**
EC Number : **229-347-8**

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information : **Not Specified.**
After inhalation : **If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.**
After skin contact : **Rinse with plenty of running water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.**
After eye contact : **Rinse with plenty of running water. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.**
After swallowing : **Rinse out mouth. Make victim drink water (maximum of 2 drinking glasses). Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist consult doctor.**

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Effects : **The substance is irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. The substance may cause effects on the blood. This may result in the formation of methaemoglobin. The effects may be delayed.**
Symptoms : **Inhalation - Cough.**
: **Ingestion - Vomiting. Diarrhoea. Blue lips, fingernails and skin. Weakness.**
: **Skin contact - Redness**
: **Eye contact - Redness, pain.**

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable extinguishing medium

Suitable extinguishing agents	: Water - Use flooding quantities of water for extinction.
Inappropriate extinguishing media	: Do NOT use chemical extinguisher or foam or attempt to smother the fire with steam or sand. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sand• Foam• Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry chemical
Notes	: Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

5.2 Specific hazards arise from chemical

Warning	: Not combustible but enhances combustion of other substances. Gives off irritating or toxic fumes (or gases) in a fire. Risk of fire and explosion on confinement and exposure to high temperatures or when contaminated with other materials.
Hazardous Combustion Products	: Nitrous gases (Nox) oxides of nitrogen
Fire hazard	: Non-flammable substance
Explosion hazard	: Not applicable
Reactivity	: None

5.3 Special protective action for Fire-Fighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. : Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots, and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Percussions	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Equipment	: Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Procedure	: Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Provide adequate ventilation.

¹ PPE – Personal precautions, protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions

- Environmental
- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
 - : Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air).
 - : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small Spill
- : Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large Spill
- : Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements, or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- Section 7
- : Information on safe handling.
- Section 8
- : Information on personal protection equipment.
- Section 13
- : For disposal information.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Handling
- : Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Avoid dust formation. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection/. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- Handling
- : Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.
 - : For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storerooms and receptacles
- : Store in a dry place. Hygroscopic solid.
- One common storage facility
- : Keep away from heat and precaution to avoid mixing with combustible materials, reducing agents, alkalies and metals.
 - : Incompatible products: Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep away from acids or bases.
 - : Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. On farm keep away from hay, grain, diesel, etc.
- Handling of product
- : Keep container tightly closed.

Room conditions : **Keep in a dry, well-ventilated place. Recommended storage temperature at < 30°C. (Room temperature). DO NOT expose the substance to temperatures above 50 °C.**

: **Protect against humidity (product is hygroscopic and tends to cake or disintegrate)**

Storage Class : **(TRGS 510): 10 - 13 Other liquids and solids: Non-Combustible Solids**

Reference: (BAUA, 2016)

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) : **Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.3 no other specific uses are stipulated**

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL AND PERSONNEL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

	Compound	Cas Number	TWA ¹	STEL ²
OCHA	Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Not Listed	Not Listed
OCHA	Water		Not Listed	Not Listed

¹ TWA – Long term exposure: Time Weighted Average (8-hour period)

² STEL – Short term exposure: Short term exposure limit (15 min period)

Reference: (South African Labour Department, 2021) & (ILO, n.d.) & (OSHA, n.d.)

Routes of exposure : **The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation and by ingestion.**

Inhalation risk : **Evaporation at 20°C is negligible; a harmful concentration of airborne particles can, however, be reached quickly when dispersed, especially if powdered.**

Effects of short-term exposure : **The substance is irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. The substance may cause effects on the blood. This may result in the formation of methaemoglobin. The effects may be delayed.**

Effects of long-term or repeated exposure : **Not listed**

Reference: (ILO, n.d.)

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

: **Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations, and safety showers are close to the workstation location. See Section 7.**

8.2 Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection : **Wear safety glasses.**
Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards. SABS adoption: SANS 50166:2018(SA), EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

- Skin Protection : **Handle with gloves.**
Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.
- Body Protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
- Respiratory protection : **Not required under normal conditions of use.**
Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts is desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).
- Control of environmental exposure : **No special environmental precautions required**



SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Properties

- Physical state : **Solid**¹
- Composition : **Mixture**²
- Colour : **Colourless**
- Odour : **Odourless**
- Melting point/freezing point : **170°C**
- Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range : **Decomposes**
- Flammability : **Product is not flammable**
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit : **Not determined**
- Flash point : **Not applicable**
- Auto-ignition temperature : **Not determined**
- Oxidizing Properties : **Non oxidizer**
- Decomposition temperature : **≥210 °C**
- pH : **Not Available**
- Kinematic viscosity : **N/A**
- Solubility : **N/A**
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log value) : **N/A**

Vapour pressure	: N/A
Density and/or relative density	: N/A
Relative vapour density	: N/A
Bulk Density (Volumetric)	: N/A
Particle characteristics	: N/A
Molecular Formula	: N/A
Molecular Weight	: N/A

¹ "Solid" – Is a substance that cannot be classified as a liquid or Gas.

² "Substance" – Is chemical elements and their compounds in their natural state or obtained by production process)

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: Deliquescent. Water soluble. An oxidizing agent. Noncombustible but accelerates the burning of combustible materials. Prolonged exposure to fire or heat may result in an explosion. May explode if shocked or heated [Hawley]. Heating causes release of toxic oxides of nitrogen.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions
Hazardous Reactions	: Forms powerfully explosive mixtures with aluminum + ammonium nitrate + formamide + water, ammonium nitrate + hydrocarbon oils, ammonium nitrate + water-soluble fuels, and organic materials.
Conditions to Avoid	: Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Avoid heat, flame and sparks.
Incompatible Materials	: Combustible materials, acids and alkalis.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	: These products are nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGY

11.1 Acute Toxicity

Classification	: Acute Tox. oral 5
Description	: LD50 is between 2000-5000.

Substance A:

Method	Compound	Cas Number	Measure	Value	Subject
Oral	Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	LD50 ¹	2950 mg/kg bw	Rat
Inhalation	Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	LC50	>88.8 mg/L ²	Rat
Dermal	Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	LD50	>5000 mg/kg bw ²	Rat

¹ "LD50" – Lethal Doses. The dosage at which 50% mortality was observed.

² "bw" - body-weight/day

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.) & (EPA. New Zealand Government, n.d.)

11.2 Skin corrosion/irritation

Classification	: No classification
Description	: None of the component was classified as skin corrosive/irritant.
Subjects	: Humans, Rabbits

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

11.3 Serious eye damage/irritation

Classification	: Eye Damage/Irritation Category 2A
Description	: Some of the substances in the mixture classify. Due to the concentration in the mixture the mixture is also classified.
Subjects	: Rabbits

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (EPA. New Zealand Government, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

11.4 Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Classification	: No classification
Description	: None of the component was classified as skin corrosive/irritant.

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

11.5 Germ cell mutagenicity

	: No classification
	: None of the component was classified as skin corrosive/irritant.

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

11.6 Carcinogenicity

	: No classification
	: None of the component was classified as skin corrosive/irritant.
	: Rat and Mouse

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

11.7 Reproductive toxicity

Classification	: Not Classified
Description	: None of the component was classified for reproductive toxicity.
Subject	: Rat

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

11.8 STOT² - single exposure

No data available

² "STOT" - Specific target organ toxicity.

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

11.9 STOT² - repeated exposure

No data available

² "STOT" - Specific target organ toxicity.

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

11.10 Aspiration hazard

No data available

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

11.11 Route of Exposure and potential effects

Swallowing	:	Convulsions. Headache. Nausea. Vomiting.
Inhalation	:	Cough. Shortness of breath. Sore throat
Eye exposure	:	Redness
Skin exposure	:	Redness

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d. / Referencing ILO)

11.12 Long- and short-term effects

No data available

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.)

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Classification : **No Classification**
Triggers for classification are not met.

Aquatic Toxicity
Substance A:

Compound	Cas Number	Organism	Species	Time	Measure	Value
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Fish	Carp	48-h	LC50 ²	447 mg/L
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Aquatic invertebrates	Daphnia magna	48-h	EC50	490 mg/L
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Aquatic invertebrates	Bullia digitalis	7D	EC50 ²	555 mg/L
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Aquatic Algae and Cyanobacteria	Benthic Diatoms	10-d	EC50	>1700 mg/L
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Micro-organisms	Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage	3-h	EC50 ²	>1000 mg/L

Terrestrial Toxicity

:

Substance A:

Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Macro-organisms				Not Justified
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Arthropods				Not Justified
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Plant				Not Justified
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Micro organisms				Not Justified
Ammonium Nitrate	6484-52-2	Birds				Not Justified

¹ "LC50 /EC50" - (Median Lethal Concentration/Median Effective Concentration) They are the concentrations at which 50% mortality or inhibition of a function (e.g., growth or growth rate) was observed.

² "NOEC" - No Observed Effect Concentration. NOEC is the highest tested concentration for which there are no statistically significant difference of effect when compared to the control group.

³ "ECx" - It is the concentrations at which x % (10% for EC10) effect was observed or derived statistically when compared to the control group.

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.) & (Pubchem, search, n.d.)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Stability : **None of the components hydrolyse nor is there evidence for photodegradation.**

Biodegradation : **Readily biodegradation study does not need to be conducted since the substance is inorganic.**

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.)

12.3 Bioaccumulate potential

Description : **The study does not need to be conducted as the substance as an inorganic salt has a low potential for adsorption.**

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption : **Simple inorganic salts with high aqueous solubility will exist in a dissociated form in an aqueous solution. Such a substance has a low potential for adsorption.**

Volatilization : **No data available**

Reference: (ECHA, n.d.)

12.5 Other adverse effects

Classification : **No data available**

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

12.1 UN Modelled regulations

UN Number	:	No classification
UN proper shipping name	:	No classification
Transport hazard class(es)	:	No classification
Label	:	No classification
Packing group	:	No classification
Environmentally hazardous	:	No classification
Special precautions:	:	ADR/RID¹ - No classification
		IMDG² - No classification
		IATA³ - No classification
Transport in Bulk according to IMO instructions	:	Not specified

Reference: (Hazmat Tool. n.d.) & (BAM. 2021)

¹ ADR/RID - International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) and by Road (ADR)

² IMDG - The International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

³ IATA - International Air Transport Association (IATA)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, Health, and environmental regulations specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations	:	This Safety Data Sheet conforms to the requirements set by the Department of Agriculture, Land reform and Rural development of the Republic of South Africa, United Nations GHS (Rev 9E) (2021) and SANS 10234:2019, on the 29 March 2022.
Restrictions	:	The substance is not subjected to any prohibitions or restriction in South Africa.
Chemical Safety Assessment:	:	For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 Preparation and revision

Latest Version

Version Number	:	Ver. 3
Preparation Date	:	25 August 2022
Where the changes as made	:	Complete overall of all data to comply with GHS regulations

Previous Version

Version Number	:	Ver. 2
Preparation date	:	February 2021

16.2 Abbreviations and Acronyms

GHS	:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
ECHA	:	European Chemical agency
AICIS	:	The Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme
EPA-NZ	:	Environmental protection agency New Zealand
ILO (WHO)	:	International labour organization (World health organization)
CAS Number	:	CAS Number is a numerical designation for chemicals that is maintained by the Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) of the American Chemical Society.
EC Number	:	The European Community number (EC number) is a unique identifier that was assigned to substances for regulatory purposes within the European Union by the European Commission.
H-Statement	:	Hazard Statement
P-Statement	:	Precautionary Statements
Hazard Statements	:	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
Precautionary Statements	:	P264 - Wash hands [and ...] thoroughly after handling.
	:	P265 - Do not touch eyes.
	:	P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...
N/A	:	Not Applicable
Not Classified	:	Data conclusive but not at sufficient levels for classification
PPE	:	Personal precautions, protective equipment.
TWA	:	Time Weighted Average
OEL	:	Occupational Exposure Limits
STOT	:	Specific target organ toxicity
LC50 / EC50	:	(Median Lethal Concentration/Median Effective Concentration): They are the concentrations at which 50% mortality or inhibition of a function (e.g., growth or growth rate) was observed.
NOEC	:	(No Observed Effect Concentration) NOEC is the highest tested concentration for which there are no statistically significant difference of effect when compared to the control group
ECx	:	It is the concentrations at which x % (10% for EC10) effect was observed or derived statistically when compared to the control group
LD0	:	Lethal Dose 0, represents the dose at which no individuals are expected to die.
LC0	:	Lethal concentration 0, represents the concentration at which no individuals are expected to die.
LDLo	:	Lethal dose low, is the lowest dosage of a compound that is introduced to the human body or that of an animal by any means apart from inhalation that will cause the death of the individual.

16.3 References

BAM. (2021) Dangerous Goods Database. Retrieved From <https://www.dgg.bam.de/quickinfo/en/show/>

(The BAM offers with the expert portal TES information and service concerning the transport and packaging of dangerous substances and goods as well as explosives act)

BAUA. (2016). Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances. TRGS 510 Storage of hazardous substances in non-stationary containers. Retrieved from <https://www.baua.de/EN/Service/Legislative-texts-and-technical-rules/Rules/TRGS/>

(The German Federal Institute for Occupational Safety and Health offers selected publications in English. Baua's research aims to ensure a safe and healthy working environment that is adapted to the needs of humans.)

Environmental protection agency [EPA]. New Zealand Government. (n.d.) Database search. *Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)*. Retrieved from <https://www.epa.govt.nz/search/SearchForm?>

(EPA-Environmental protection agency. EPA is the government agency responsible for regulating activities that affect Aotearoa New Zealand's environment.)

European Chemicals Agency [ECHA]. (n.d.) Information on Chemicals. Retrieved from <https://echa.europa.eu/registration-dossier/-/registered-dossier/>

(ECHA - European Chemicals Agency. The European Chemicals Agency, is an agency of the EU. They implement the EU's chemicals legislation to protect your health and the environment. Their work also contributes to a well-functioning internal market, innovation, and the competitiveness of Europe's chemicals industry.)

Hazmat Tool. (n.d.) Load, Transport and Storage of Hazardous Materials according U.S-Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR). Retrieved from <https://www.hazmattool.com/>

(Hazmat Tool is a free to search database with information regarding the 49CFR classification and transport)

International Labour organization [ILO]. (n.d.) ICSC database. *International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSCs)*. Retrieved from <https://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/>

(ILO-International Labour organization. ILO is a specialized agency of the United Nations. The database data was prepared by an international group of experts on behalf of ILO and WHO, with the financial assistance of the European Commission. © ILO and WHO 2021.)

OECD. (n.d.) The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances. Classification Search. Retrieved from <https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/ghs-search/>

(OECD allow the search by chemical and provides a list and access to compiled SDS's)

Pubchem, search. (n.d.) Explore Chemistry. *Quickly find chemical information from authoritative sources*. Retrieved from <https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound/>

(PubChem is an open chemistry database at the National Institutes of Health (NIH). Pubchem may reference some of the same sources as listed in this document)

Pubchem, GHS. (n.d.) Explore Chemistry. *GHS Classification*. Retrieved from <https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ghs/>

(PubChem is an open chemistry database at the National Institutes of Health (NIH). Pubchem may reference some of the same sources as listed in this document)

South African Labour Department. (2021) Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents. Retrieved from https://www.gov.za/sites/default/files/gcis_document/202103/44348rg11263gon280.pdf

(The Minister of Employment and Labour has, under section 43 of the Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993 (Act No. 85 of 1993), after consultation with the Advisory Council for Occupational Health and Safety, made the regulations in the Schedule)

The Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme [AICIS]. (n.d.) Chemical information. *Search assessments*. Retrieved from <https://www.industrialchemicals.gov.au/chemical-information/search-assessments?assessmentcasnumber>

(The Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) helps protect Australians and the environment by assessing the risks of industrial chemicals and providing information to promote their safe use. Focus mainly on health aspects.)

16.4 Disclaimer

The information contained in this SDS does not constitute a risk assessment, and should not replace the user's own assessment of risks as required by other health and safety legislation.

This SDS summarises at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health, safety and environmental hazard information related to the product and in particular how to safely handle, use, store and transport the product. Since Kynoch cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be handled, used, stored, or transported, each user must, prior to usage, review this SDS in the context of how the user intends to handle, use, store or transport the product and beyond, and communicate such information to all relevant parties.

We shall not assume any liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein or any advice given unless there has been gross negligence on our part.